

**333652(33)**

**B. E. (Sixth Semester) Examination, April-May 2020**

**(New Scheme)**

**(Information Technology Engg. Branch)**

**INFORMATION THEORY & CODING**

***Time Allowed : Three hours***

***Maximum Marks : 80***

***Minimum Pass Marks : 28***

***Note : All questions are compulsory. Part (a) is compulsory and attempt any two from (b), (c) and (d).***

1. (a) Define uncertainty. 2

(b) What is entropy? Derive formula for entropy and show that the Entropy is maximum when all the messages are equi-probable, Assume  $M = 2$ . 7

- (c) Draw the block diagram of Communication System and explain each block. 7
- (d) An analog signal is band limited to  $B$  Hz and sampled at nyquist rate. The samples are quantized into 4 Levels. Each level represents one message. Thus there are 4 messages. The probabilities of occurrence of these 4 level are  $P_1 = P_4 = 1/8$  and  $P_2 = P_3 = 3/8$ . Find out information rate of the source. 7
2. (a) Define rate of information transmission across the channel. 2
- (b) What is Mutual Information? Prove that : 7
- (i)  $I(X, Y) = H(X) - H(X/Y)$
- (ii)  $I(X, Y) = H(Y) - H(Y/X)$
- (c) Encode the following messages with their respective probability using Shanon-Fano Coding Algorithm.

$M_1$	$M_2$	$M_3$	$M_4$	$M_5$	$M_6$	$M_7$	$M_8$
1/4	1/8	1/16	1/16	1/16	1/4	1/16	1/8

Calculate the efficiency of coding and comment on the result. 7

- (d) Apply Huffman coding Procedure for the following message ensemble : 7
- $[X] = [x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5, x_6, x_7]$
- $[P] = [0.4, 0.2, 0.12, 0.08, 0.08, 0.08, 0.04]$
- Take  $M = 2$  and find the efficiency of the code.
3. (a) State channel capacity theorem. 2
- (b) Write short notes on : (any three) 7
- (i) Binary Communication Channel
- (ii) BEC
- (iii) Binary symmetric channel
- (iv) State and prove the upper bound and lower bound of Entropy
- (c) Explain the capacity of gaussian channel : Shanon-Hartley Theorem. Explain trade off between BW and signal to noise ration. 7
- (d) Find the channel capacity of cascaded channel shown in fig. 1. 7

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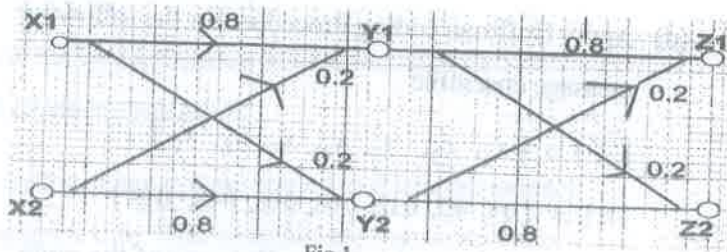


Fig 1

4. (a) What is meant by systematic and non systematic codes? 2

(b) The generator matrix for a (6, 3) Linear block code is given below. Find all the code vectors. 7

$$G = \begin{matrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & : & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & : & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & : & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{matrix}$$

- (i) Find all the code vectors
- (ii) Find all hamming weights and distances
- (iii) Find minimum weight parity check matrix
- (iv) Draw the encoder circuit

(c) Explain Syndrome decoding with example. How errors can be corrected and detected with the use of it? 7

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(d) Consider the generator of a (7, 4) cyclic code by generator polynomial

$$G(P) = 1 + P + P^3$$

Calculate all the code vectors for the code in systematic form. 7

5. (a) What is error control code? 2

(b) Explain convolutional code functionality. 7

(c) A rate 1/3 convolutional encoder has generating vectors as  $g_1 = (100)$ ,  $g_2 = (111)$ ,  $g_3 = (101)$ .

- (A) (i) Sketch the encoder configuration
- (ii) Draw state diagram

Or

(B) (i) Find output sequence for the input sequence  $m = 10110$ . 7

(d) Write short note on : (any two)

- (i) Viterbi Algorithm for Decoding of Convolutional Codes.
- (ii) Turbo Codes
- (iii) Trellis and State Diagram 7